

In-silico generation of three-dimensional structure and analyzing binding sites of Cynops pyrrhogaster thrombin protein which has not yet been resolved by X-ray Crystallography or NMR

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ABSTRACT

Thrombin protein three-dimensional structure of *Cynops pyrrhogaster* has not been resolved and confirmed by X-ray crystallography and NMR experiments. In current work, *in silico* homology modeling of the thrombin protein sequence of the organism is performed to generate three-dimensional structure using Modeler9v7 software. The energy was minimized using Swiss-pdbViewer 4.0.1 software. Structural validation was performed using PROCHECK from Swiss Model Workspace. The validated best end-model, thus generated had its RMSD value from its template as 0.18 Å and 100% residues within the favorable region of Ramachandran plot. It was hence predicted to be the most suitable candidate similar to the actual three dimensional structure of *Cynops pyrrhogaster* thrombin molecule *in vivo*. Its active site was found out using Q-site finder tool.

KEYWORDS: Homology Modeling, Modeler9v7, PROCHECK, Q-site finder, SwissPDBViewer 4.0.1, Thrombin.

INTRODUCTION:

Thrombin is an active serine-protease enzyme derived by Vitamin-K dependent proteolysis of its precursor zymogen- Prothrombin. The mechanism of coagulation needs to be clearly understood for determining the preoperative bleeding risk to patients undergoing surgery and managing haemostatic therapy preoperatively ¹. The coagulatory pathway of blood usually occurs by two pathways- the contact activation pathway (intrinsic pathway), and the tissue factor pathway (extrinsic pathway), which lead to fibrin formation. Previously it was inferred that the coagulation cascade consisted of two pathways of equal importance which were amalgamated together to a single common pathway. However, it is now known that the primary pathway for the initiation of blood coagulation is the tissue factor pathway ². Prothrombin is a zymogen, i.e an inactive precursor serine protease which is proteolytically cleaved to give thrombin. The reactions are the series of pathways also known as cascades which ultimately leads to an insoluble cross-linked fibrin. The active coagulation factors are denoted by

Roman numerals along with small letter 'a' to signify that they are active. In the blood coagulation pathway, thrombin acts to convert factor XI to XIa, VIII to VIIIa, V to Va, and fibrinogen to fibrin. The contact activation pathway commences with formation of the primary complex of collagen by high-molecular weight kininogen (HMWK), prekallikrein, and factor XII (FXII). Prekallikrein is converted to kallikrein and FXII becomes activated factor XII (FXIIa). FXIIa in turn converts factor XI (FXI) into activated factor XI (FXIa). Activated factor XI (XIa) activates factor IX (FIX) and with its co-factor activated factor VIII (FVIIIa) form the tenase complex, which activates factor X (FX) to activated factor X (Fxa). Thrombin has a large array of functions. Its primary role is the conversion of fibrinogen to fibrin, the building block of a hemostatic plug. In addition, it activates Factors VIII and V and their inhibitor protein C (in the presence of thrombomodulin), and it activates Factor XIII, which forms covalent bonds that crosslink the fibrin polymers that form from activated monomers³. Thrombin receptor activation mechanisms are done by two forms-

Direct activation and transactivation. In direct activation, soluble thrombin directly cleaves the extracellular domain of the receptor to unmask receptor activation whereas in transactivation, soluble thrombin, in low concentrations, interacts with the first receptor and the thrombin-receptor complex itself serves as an enzyme to cleave the second receptor^{4,5}. No three dimensional structure of *Cynops pyrrhogaster* has been resolved by X-ray or NMR spectroscopy. Understanding the structure is important since for the development of anti-thrombin molecules. Thrombin is an endolytic serine protease that selectively cleaves the Arg-Gly bond of fibrinogen to form fibrin and release fibrinopeptides A and B. To understand the blood clotting in lower animals, we have selected the animal model of *Cynops pyrrhogaster* for studying its thrombin protein and its active sites.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

C. pyrrhogaster (GI:213388) sequence was taken as target sequence from NCBI proteins and homology modeling performed using Modeler9v7 Windows Platform⁶ taking *H. sapiens* thrombin protein (PDB ID:1GJ5) as a template. Ten models were generated and their energy minimized using SPDBV 4.0.1. These models were structurally assessed using PROCHECK from Swiss Model Workspace⁷ and the best model were selected on

the basis of their Ramachandran plot. After validation, model 04 was found to be best and its RMSD value was calculated using SPDBV 4.0.1. Further its active site analysis was performed using Q-site finder⁸.

RESULTS

For thrombin protein sequences of *C. pyrrhogaster*, the BLASTp⁹ resultsshowed that *Homo sapiens* thrombin protein PDB ID: 1GJ5 is 71% similar to the target having e-value: 6.41e-132, bit-score: 372 for an aligned length of 234¹⁰.Ten models were generated using Modeler9v7 (Windows Platform) out of which model 04 gave a better results as compared to other 9 models as shown in **Table I**. The RMSD value between model 04 and 1GJ5 was calculated using SPDBV 4.0.1 and was found to be 0.18 Å. The Ramachandran plot for the model 04 showed residues falling in: Core regions, favorable allowed regions, generously allowed regions and disallowed regions as 88.1%, 11.4%, 0.5% and 0% respectively **Figure I**. Overall plot gave 100% of residues within favorable region hence model 04 can be used for further analysis. The final model is shown in **Figure III** represented using RasMol¹¹.The active sites were identified using Q-site finder and the best five sites are shown in **Figure II**. Their binding region details are shown in **Table II**.

Table I showing the geometric and PROCHECK statistical data for ten models generated using Modeler9v7.

Model no.	Core region (%)	Allowed region (%)	Generously allowed region (%)	Disallowed region	Bad contacts	G-factor	M/c Bond lengths	M/c bond angles	Planar region
1	85.1	13.9	1	0	2	-0.05	99.5	96.6	90.5
2	85.6	12.9	1	0.5	1	-0.11	99.9	94.9	89.5
3	86.1	12.9	1	0	0	0.01	100	96.5	87.4
4	88.1	11.4	0.5	0	1	-0.01	100	96	88.4
5	86.6	12.4	1	0	0	0.55	99.8	95.8	84.2
6	87.6	11.4	1	0	2	-0.09	100	95.6	86.3
7	85.6	13.4	1	0	2	-0.12	100	95	88.4
8	85.6	12.9	1.5	0	1	0.5	99.6	95.6	89.5
9	84.7	14.4	0.5	0.5	2	-0.1	99.8	96.1	85.3
10	87.1	11.9	1	0	1	-0.09	100	94.9	88.4

Table II (a) & (b) showing the details of best five probable binding sites for model 04 generated using Q-site finder webserver

Binding Site	Site Volume	Binding Box Around Selected Sites
Site 1	563 Cubic Angstroms	Min Coords: (-4, -28, 10) Max Coords: (11, 0, 29)
Site 2	432 Cubic Angstroms	Min Coords: (-4, -28, 10) Max Coords: (11, 0, 29)
Site 3	395 Cubic Angstroms	Min Coords: (-4, -28, 10) Max Coords: (11, 0, 29)
Site 4	263 Cubic Angstroms	Min Coords: (-10, -25, 20) Max Coords: (11, -7, 34)
Site 5	135 Cubic Angstroms	Min Coords: (-7, -6, 21) Max Coords: (7, 9, 36)

- a) Showing the volume in cubic angstroms and the co-ordinates of the respective binding sites.
- b) Showing the amino acids present at the respective binding sites generated using Q-site finder. The atom number, atom type, residue name, chain identifier and residue number are shown.

Site 1	Site 2	Site 3	Site 4	Site 5
7 CD GLN 1	27 C LEU 3	1252 CA VAL 115	1509 CD1 LEU 141	1209 CG HIS 111
9 NE2 GLN 1	28 O LEU 3	1253 C VAL 115	1725 C ALA 164	1210 ND1 HIS 111
11 1HE2 GLN 1	34 N ILE 4	1254 O VAL 115	1726 O ALA 164	1211 CD2 HIS 111
12 2HE2 GLN 1	35 CA ILE 4	1255 CB VAL 115	1729 N GLY 165	1212 CE1 HIS 111
17 C GLU 2	36 C ILE 4	1256 CG1 VAL 115	1730 CA GLY 165	1213 NE2 HIS 111
18 O GLU 2	37 O ILE 4	1257 CG2 VAL 115	1731 C GLY 165	1216 N LYS 112
25 N LEU 3	38 CB ILE 4	1258 H VAL 115	1732 O GLY 165	1217 CA LYS 112
26 CA LEU 3	39 CG1 ILE 4	1259 N SER 116	1734 N TYR 166	1218 C LYS 112
27 C LEU 3	40 CG2 ILE 4	1260 CA SER 116	1735 CA TYR 166	1219 O LYS 112
29 CB LEU 3	41 CD ILE 4	1261 C SER 116	1736 C TYR 166	1220 CB LYS 112
30 CG LEU 3	43 N CYS 5	1262 O SER 116	1737 O TYR 166	1221 CG LYS 112
31 CD1 LEU 3	48 SG CYS 5	1265 H SER 116	1738 CB TYR 166	1222 CD LYS 112
32 CD2 LEU 3	182 C HIS 20	1267 N GLY 117	1739 CG TYR 166	1225 H LYS 112
34 N ILE 4	183 O HIS 20	1268 CA GLY 117	1741 CD2 TYR 166	1229 N GLY 113
35 CA ILE 4	184 CB HIS 20	1269 C GLY 117	1746 H TYR 166	1230 CA GLY 113
36 C ILE 4	185 CG HIS 20	1270 O GLY 117	1748 HD2 TYR 166	1231 C GLY 113
38 CB ILE 4	186 ND1 HIS 20	1271 H GLY 117	1752 N LYS 167	1232 O GLY 113
39 CG1 ILE 4	187 CD2 HIS 20	1272 N TRP 118	1753 CA LYS 167	1233 H GLY 113
40 CG2 ILE 4	188 CE1 HIS 20	1273 CA TRP 118	1754 C LYS 167	1234 N ARG 114
41 CD ILE 4	189 NE2 HIS 20	1274 C TRP 118	1755 O LYS 167	1235 CA ARG 114
42 H ILE 4	192 N CYS 21	1293 N GLY 119	1765 N PRO 168	1238 CB ARG 114
43 N CYS 5	193 CA CYS 21	1294 CA GLY 119	1766 CA PRO 168	1239 CG ARG 114
44 CA CYS 5	194 C CYS 21	1295 C GLY 119	1767 C PRO 168	1240 CD ARG 114
45 C CYS 5	195 O CYS 21	1296 O GLY 119	1768 O PRO 168	1241 NE ARG 114
46 O CYS 5	196 CB CYS 21	1297 H GLY 119	1769 CB PRO 168	1242 CZ ARG 114
47 CB CYS 5	197 SG CYS 21	1298 N ASN 120	1770 CG PRO 168	1243 NH1 ARG
48 SG CYS 5	198 H CYS 21	1299 CA ASN 120	1771 CD PRO 168	114

49 H CYS 5	199 N ILE 22	1300 C ASN 120	1772 N ASP 169	1244 NH2 ARG
50 N GLY 6	200 CA ILE 22	1301 O ASN 120	1781 N GLU 170	114
51 CA GLY 6	201 C ILE 22	1309 N LEU 121	1783 C GLU 170	1245 H ARG 114
52 C GLY 6	202 O ILE 22	1310 CA LEU 121	1790 H GLU 170	1246 HE ARG 114
53 O GLY 6	208 N PHE 23	1311 C LEU 121	1791 N PRO 171	1247 1HH1 ARG
54 H GLY 6	210 C PHE 23	1312 O LEU 121	1792 CA PRO 171	114
55 N ALA 7	225 N TYR 24	1313 CB LEU 121	1793 C PRO 171	1248 2HH1 ARG
56 CA ALA 7	226 CA TYR 24	1314 CG LEU 121	1794 O PRO 171	114
57 C ALA 7	228 O TYR 24	1315 CD1 LEU 121	1795 CB PRO 171	1249 1HH2 ARG
58 O ALA 7	229 CB TYR 24	1316 CD2 LEU 121	1796 CG PRO 171	114
59 CB ALA 7	230 CG TYR 24	1318 N HIS 122	1797 CD PRO 171	1250 2HH2 ARG
60 H ALA 7	237 H TYR 24	1319 CA HIS 122	1798 N ASN 172	114
61 N SER 8	239 HD2 TYR 24	1320 C HIS 122	1799 CA ASN 172	1493 CA ASN 140
62 CA SER 8	261 CB TRP 27	1321 O HIS 122	1800 C ASN 172	1496 CB ASN 140
63 C SER 8	264 CD2 TRP 27	1322 CB HIS 122	1801 O ASN 172	1497 CG ASN 140
64 O SER 8	267 CE3 TRP 27	1323 CG HIS 122	1806 H ASN 172	1498 OD1 ASN
65 CB SER 8	268 CZ2 TRP 27	1324 ND1 HIS 122	1809 N ARG 173	140
66 OG SER 8	269 CZ3 TRP 27	1325 CD2 HIS 122	1810 CA ARG 173	1499 ND2 ASN
67 H SER 8	270 CH2 TRP 27	1326 CE1 HIS 122	1811 C ARG 173	140
69 N ILE 9	274 HE3 TRP 27	1327 NE2 HIS 122	1812 O ARG 173	1501 1HD2 ASN
70 CA ILE 9	275 HZ2 TRP 27	1328 H HIS 122	1813 CB ARG 173	140
73 CB ILE 9	276 HZ3 TRP 27	1329 HD1 HIS 122	1814 CG ARG 173	1502 2HD2 ASN
74 CG1 ILE 9	277 HH2 TRP 27	1330 N GLU 123	1815 CD ARG 173	140
75 CG2 ILE 9	288 CA LYS 29	1331 CA GLU 123	1816 NE ARG 173	1511 H LEU 141
76 CD ILE 9	289 C LYS 29	1334 CB GLU 123	1817 CZ ARG 173	1920 CA VAL 186
77 H ILE 9	290 O LYS 29	1335 CG GLU 123	1819 NH2 ARG	1921 C VAL 186
146 CB VAL 15	291 CB LYS 29	1336 CD GLU 123	173	1922 O VAL 186
147 CG1 VAL 15	292 CG LYS 29	1337 OE1 GLU	1821 HE ARG 173	1923 CB VAL 186
148 CG2 VAL 15	293 CD LYS 29	123	1824 1HH2 ARG	1925 CG2 VAL 186
160 CA THR 17	294 CE LYS 29	1338 OE2 GLU	173	1927 N MET 187
163 CB THR 17	295 NZ LYS 29	123	1825 2HH2 ARG	1928 CA MET 187
164 OG1 THR 17	296 H LYS 29	1339 H GLU 123	173	1929 C MET 187
165 CG2 THR 17	297 HZ1 LYS 29	1460 N GLN 137	1826 N GLY 174	1930 O MET 187
167 HG1 THR 17	298 HZ2 LYS 29	1461 CA GLN 137	1827 CA GLY 174	1931 CB MET 187
173 H ALA 18	299 HZ3 LYS 29	1462 C GLN 137	1828 C GLY 174	1932 CG MET 187
193 CA CYS 21	318 CD2 TYR 31	1463 O GLN 137	1829 O GLY 174	1935 H MET 187
194 C CYS 21	320 CE2 TYR 31	1464 CB GLN 137	1830 H GLY 174	1936 N LYS 188
195 O CYS 21	321 CZ TYR 31	1465 CG GLN 137	1831 N ASP 175	1937 CA LYS 188
196 CB CYS 21	322 OH TYR 31	1466 CD GLN 137	1832 CA ASP 175	1938 C LYS 188
197 SG CYS 21	325 HD2 TYR 31	1467 OE1 GLN	1835 CB ASP 175	1939 O LYS 188
199 N ILE 22	327 HE2 TYR 31	137	1836 CG ASP 175	1940 CB LYS 188
200 CA ILE 22	328 HH TYR 31	1468 NE2 GLN	1837 OD1 ASP	1941 CG LYS 188
203 CB ILE 22	1835 CB ASP 175	137	175	1945 H LYS 188
204 CG1 ILE 22	1836 CG ASP 175	1469 H GLN 137	1838 OD2 ASP	2017 CD2 TRP 195
205 CG2 ILE 22	1837 OD1 ASP	1470 1HE2 GLN	175	2020 CE3 TRP 195
206 CD ILE 22	175	137	2147 N ASP 208	2021 CZ2 TRP 195
207 H ILE 22	1838 OD2 ASP	1471 2HE2 GLN	2148 CA ASP 208	2022 CZ3 TRP 195
312 CA TYR 31	175	137	2149 C ASP 208	2023 CH2 TRP 195
313 C TYR 31	1840 N ALA 176	1472 N GLN 138	2150 O ASP 208	2027 HE3 TRP 195
314 O TYR 31	1841 CA ALA 176	1473 CA GLN 138	2151 CB ASP 208	2029 HZ3 TRP 195
315 CB TYR 31	1842 C ALA 176	1474 C GLN 138	2152 CG ASP 208	2030 HH2 TRP
316 CG TYR 31	1843 O ALA 176	1475 O GLN 138	2153 OD1 ASP	195
318 CD2 TYR 31	1844 CB ALA 176	1481 H GLN 138	208	
320 CE2 TYR 31	1845 H ALA 176	1484 N VAL 139	2154 OD2 ASP	

323 H TYR 31	1846 N CYS 177	1485 CA VAL 139	208
325 HD2 TYR 31	1847 CA CYS 177	1488 CB VAL 139	2155 H ASP 208
327 HE2 TYR 31	1848 C CYS 177	1489 CG1 VAL 139	2156 N ARG 209
329 N THR 32	1849 O CYS 177	1490 CG2 VAL 139	2157 CA ARG 209
330 CA THR 32	1850 CB CYS 177	1491 H VAL 139	2158 C ARG 209
331 C THR 32	1851 SG CYS 177	1811 C ARG 173	2159 O ARG 209
332 O THR 32	1852 H CYS 177	1817 CZ ARG 173	2167 H ARG 209
336 H THR 32	1853 N GLU 178	1818 NH1 ARG	2173 N ASP 210
338 N THR 33	1854 CA GLU 178	173	2174 CA ASP 210
339 CA THR 33	1855 C GLU 178	1819 NH2 ARG	2175 C ASP 210
340 C THR 33	1857 CB GLU 178	173	2176 O ASP 210
341 O THR 33	1858 CG GLU 178	1822 1HH1 ARG	2177 CB ASP 210
345 H THR 33	1859 CD GLU 178	173	2178 CG ASP 210
365 H ASP 35	1861 OE2 GLU	1823 2HH1 ARG	2179 OD1 ASP
366 N ILE 36	178	173	210
367 CA ILE 36	1862 H GLU 178	1824 1HH2 ARG	2180 OD2 ASP
370 CB ILE 36	1863 N GLY 179	173	210
371 CG1 ILE 36	1864 CA GLY 179	1825 2HH2 ARG	2181 H ASP 210
372 CG2 ILE 36	1865 C GLY 179	173	2182 N GLY 211
373 CD ILE 36	1867 H GLY 179	1826 N GLY 174	2183 CA GLY 211
374 H ILE 36	1868 N ASP 180	1827 CA GLY 174	2184 C GLY 211
375 N LEU 37	1869 CA ASP 180	1828 C GLY 174	2186 H GLY 211
377 C LEU 37	1870 C ASP 180	1829 O GLY 174	2187 N LYS 212
378 O LEU 37	1872 CB ASP 180	1830 H GLY 174	2188 CA LYS 212
383 H LEU 37	1876 H ASP 180	1831 N ASP 175	2189 C LYS 212
384 N VAL 38	1877 N SER 181	1832 CA ASP 175	2190 O LYS 212
385 CA VAL 38	1878 CA SER 181	1833 C ASP 175	2191 CB LYS 212
386 C VAL 38	1881 CB SER 181	1834 O ASP 175	2196 H LYS 212
388 CB VAL 38	1882 OG SER 181	1835 CB ASP 175	2200 N TYR 213
389 CG1 VAL 38	1883 H SER 181	1836 CG ASP 175	2201 CA TYR 213
390 CG2 VAL 38	1884 HG SER 181	1838 OD2 ASP	2202 C TYR 213
392 N ARG 39	2085 C VAL 201	175	2203 O TYR 213
393 CA ARG 39	2086 O VAL 201	1839 H ASP 175	2204 CB TYR 213
394 C ARG 39	2087 CB VAL 201	1840 N ALA 176	2205 CG TYR 213
395 O ARG 39	2088 CG1 VAL 201	1841 CA ALA 176	2206 CD1 TYR 213
396 CB ARG 39	2091 N SER 202	1842 C ALA 176	2208 CE1 TYR 213
397 CG ARG 39	2092 CA SER 202	1843 O ALA 176	2210 CZ TYR 213
398 CD ARG 39	2093 C SER 202	1844 CB ALA 176	2211 OH TYR 213
399 NE ARG 39	2094 O SER 202	1845 H ALA 176	2213 HD1 TYR 213
401 NH1 ARG 39	2097 H SER 202	1846 N CYS 177	2215 HE1 TYR 213
403 H ARG 39	2099 N TRP 203	1847 CA CYS 177	2218 N GLY 214
404 HE ARG 39	2100 CA TRP 203	1850 CB CYS 177	2219 CA GLY 214
406 2HH1 ARG	2101 C TRP 203	1851 SG CYS 177	2222 H GLY 214
39	2102 O TRP 203	1852 H CYS 177	
409 N ILE 40	2103 CB TRP 203	1872 CB ASP 180	
410 CA ILE 40	2113 H TRP 203	1873 CG ASP 180	
411 C ILE 40	2120 N GLY 204	1874 OD1 ASP	
413 CB ILE 40	2121 CA GLY 204	180	
414 CG1 ILE 40	2122 C GLY 204	1875 OD2 ASP	
415 CG2 ILE 40	2123 O GLY 204	180	
416 CD ILE 40	2124 H GLY 204	2140 N CYS 207	
418 N GLY 41	2125 N GLU 205	2141 CA CYS 207	
422 H GLY 41	2126 CA GLU 205	2142 C CYS 207	
427 CB LYS 42	2127 C GLU 205	2143 O CYS 207	

428 CG LYS 42	2134 H GLU 205	2144 CB CYS 207
429 CD LYS 42	2135 N GLY 206	2145 SG CYS 207
430 CE LYS 42	2136 CA GLY 206	2146 H CYS 207
432 H LYS 42	2137 C GLY 206	2147 N ASP 208
637 CG LEU 58	2138 O GLY 206	2148 CA ASP 208
638 CD1 LEU 58	2139 H GLY 206	2149 C ASP 208
639 CD2 LEU 58	2140 N CYS 207	2150 O ASP 208
672 CB ILE 61	2141 CA CYS 207	2151 CB ASP 208
673 CG1 ILE 61	2142 C CYS 207	2152 CG ASP 208
674 CG2 ILE 61	2144 CB CYS 207	2153 OD1 ASP
675 CD ILE 61	2145 SG CYS 207	208
887 CB ILE 80	2147 N ASP 208	2154 OD2 ASP
888 CG1 ILE 80	2155 H ASP 208	208
889 CG2 ILE 80	2203 O TYR 213	2155 H ASP 208
890 CD ILE 80	2218 N GLY 214	2156 N ARG 209
1279 CD2 TRP 118	2219 CA GLY 214	2157 CA ARG 209
1281 CE2 TRP 118	2220 C GLY 214	2158 C ARG 209
1282 CE3 TRP 118	2223 N PHE 215	2160 CB ARG 209
1283 CZ2 TRP 118	2234 H PHE 215	2161 CG ARG 209
1284 CZ3 TRP 118	2251 OH TYR 216	2162 CD ARG 209
1285 CH2 TRP 118		2163 NE ARG 209
1289 HE3 TRP 118		2164 CZ ARG 209
1290 HZ2 TRP 118		2165 NH1 ARG
1291 HZ3 TRP 118		209
1292 HH2 TRP		2166 NH2 ARG
118		209
	2167 H ARG 209	
	2169 1HH1 ARG	
	209	
	2170 2HH1 ARG	
	209	
	2171 1HH2 ARG	
	209	
	2173 N ASP 210	
	2174 CA ASP 210	
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	2179 OD1 ASP	
	210	
	2180 OD2 ASP	
	210	
	2181 H ASP 210	

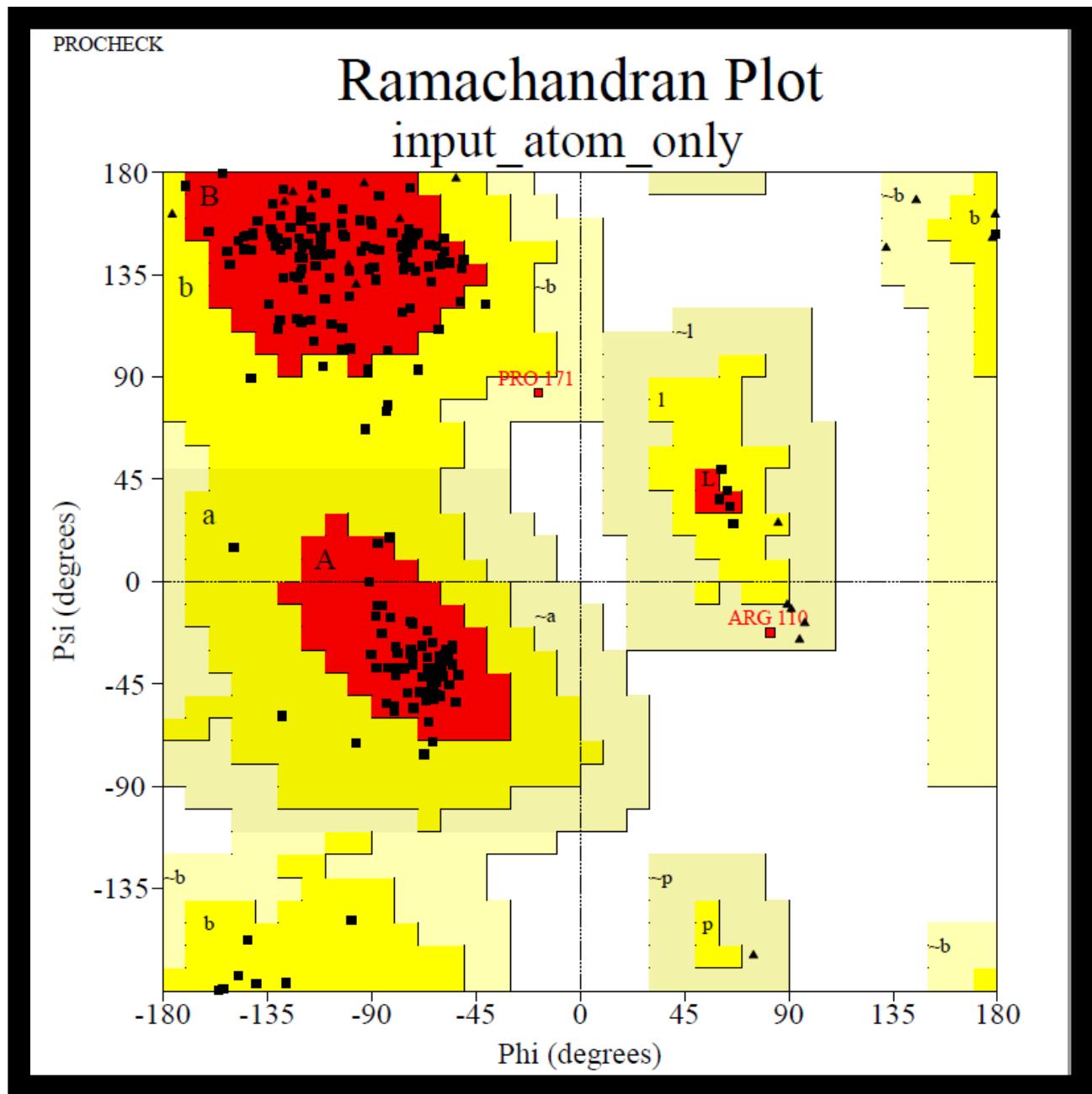


Figure I showing Ramachandran plot of phi/psi values of the modeled *C. pyrrhogaster* thrombin protein homology model 04. The colour codes are: Red color- most favorable regions, yellow color- allowed region, and pale yellow- generously allowed region and white color- disallowed regions.

Figure II showing model 04- Color codes are Yellow colour – Beta-sheets, Pink colour helices, red colour turns and white colour loops. The model 04 contains in all 7 helices, 22 strands and 26 turns.

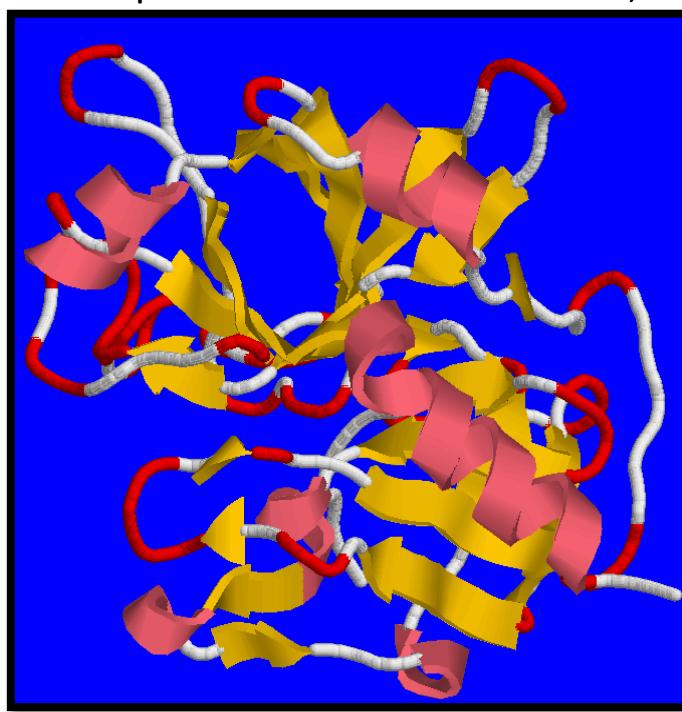
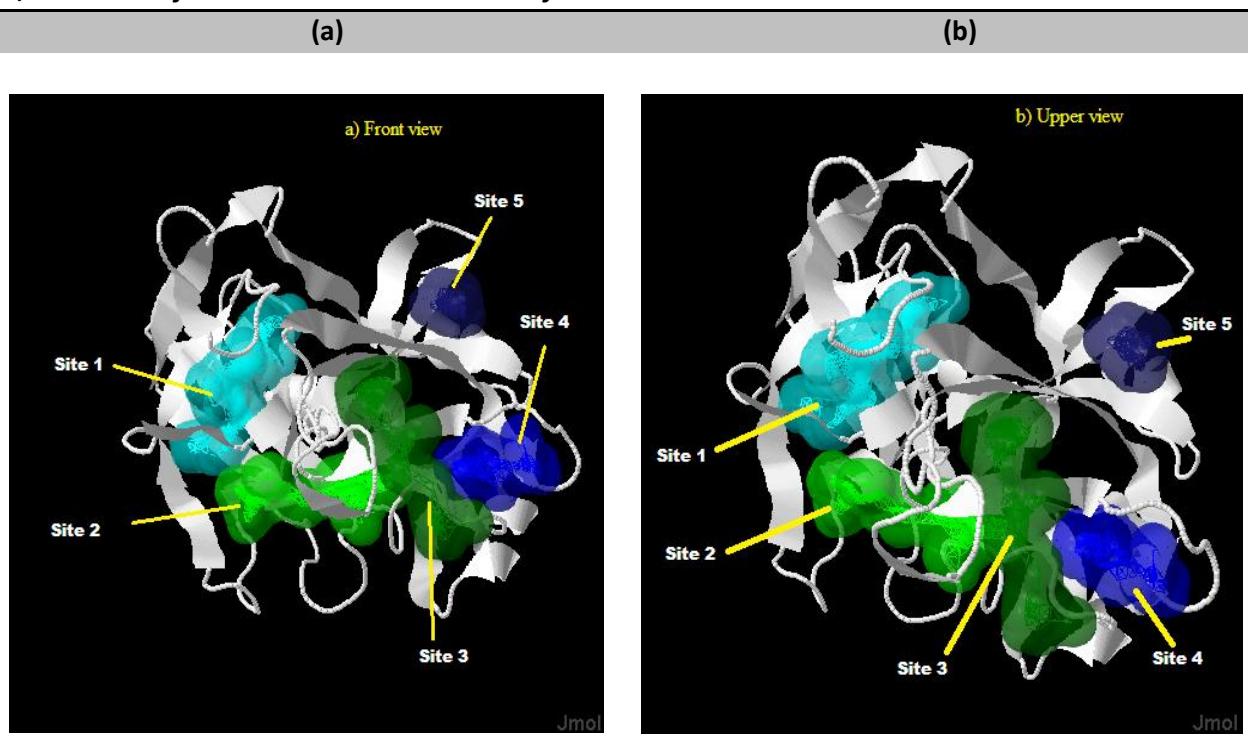


Figure III showing the toggled view of binding region in model 04: (a) Showing the front view of the structure and (b) showing the upper view of the structure with respective binding sites. Colour codes representing the sites are: Cyan color for site 1, Light green colour for site 2, dark green colour for site 3, blue colour for site 4 and dark blue colour for site 5.



DISCUSSION

Bleeding complications may arise out of anticoagulant therapy. Hence it is essential to develop specific antidotes against the anticoagulants being used. Heparin and Warfarin are being used as a anti-coagulant have specific effects. Due to high cost required in computer hardware to cover-up the graphics required for molecular modeling, programs like Modeler have been developed. Its error rate is less but it is a bit inconvenient since human made errors may arise at any step. The homology model we have developed may provide an insight for further studies. The model can further be used for docking studies which can help in drug development procedures to develop new anti-thrombin molecules.

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