

SYNTHESIS, CHARACTERIZATION AND ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY OF SOME NEW N4-SUBSTITUTED ISATIN THIOSEMICARBAZONES

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ABSTRACT

Isatin thiosemicarbazones possess many biological activities from antibacterial Isatin reacts with methyl hydrazino carbodithioate and forms respective Schiff's base. This Schiff's base of Isatin on reaction with primary (or) secondary amines forms N4-substituted isatin thiosemicarbazones of respective amines. These compounds screened for antibacterial and antifungal activity. These compounds show modest antibacterial and antifungal activity. Among the nine synthesized compounds Illg shows good activity against the Bacillus subtilis and Staphylococcus aureus. Illc shows good activity against Bacillus subtilis and Bacillus magati , further more Illb shows good activity against the Klebsella pneumonia and E.coli.

KEY WORDS

Isatin, thiosemicarbazones, antibacterial, antifungal activity

INTRODUCTION

Isatin thiosemicarbazones show wide variety of medicinal activities including antibacterial (1), antiviral (2), antineoplastic (3), antiprotozoal (4), antiinflammatory (5) and anticonvulsion(6) activities. By observing these activities we chose the work on the Isatin thiosemicarbazones.

Chemistry

Methyl-1-hydrazino carbodithioate is prepared by using appropriate method.(7) Methyl 1- hydrazino carbodithioate reacts with the Isatin in the presence sulfuric acid yeilds the Methyl-2-(2-oxo-1, 2-dihydro-3H-indol-3-ylidene)-1-hydrazinecarbodithioate. This compound on reaction with amines (or) amino acids give respective compounds.Physical characterization and chemical characterization also done to the compounds.

Synthesis of Methyl-2-(2-oxo-1, 2-dihydro-3H-indol-3-ylidene)-1-hydrazinecarbodithioate (8) (II)

Mixture of Isatin (0.1m) and Methyl hydrazinocarbodithioate (0.1m) in Methanol are

refluxed and sulfuric acid is added as catalyst the reaction was monitered by TLC. After completion of reaction add the mixture to ice cold water and separate the solid by filteration and the solid was washed with water and dried and recrystallized with ethanol. Yield: 60%; m.p: 215°C

Synthesis of N4-substituted Isatin thiosemicarbazones (IIIa-i) (8)

Methyl-2-(2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-3H-indol-3-ylidene)-1hydrazinecarbodithioate(0.1m) and amines(0.1m) are refluxed using ethanol as solvent the reaction is checked for the evolution of mercapto methane(CH3SH) by using moistened filter paper with sodium nitroprusside which changes into the pink color. Reaction time were about 24-48 hrs and the reaction is monitered by TLC. The excess of solvent present in the reaction mixture was evaporated under vacuum and the solid was collected and further purified by washing with ethanol.



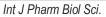
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH}_2\text{NH}_2. \text{ H}_2\text{O} + \text{S} = \text{C} = \text{S} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{(a)} \\ \text{H}_2\text{N} - \text{NH} - \text{C} - \text{SK} \\ \end{array} \\ \text{(b)} \\ \text{H}_2\text{N} - \text{NH} - \text{C} - \text{SCH}_3 \\ \text{(I)} \\ \text{(II)} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{SCH}_3 \\ \text{(II)} \\ \text{NHRR} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{S} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{(II)} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{N} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{C} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{C} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} - \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} \\ \text{N} + \text{C} + \text$$

(a) KOH, 10° C, 3hrs stirring; (b) CH₃I, 2hrs, 10° C Stirring; (c) CH₃OH, Conc.H₂SO₄, Reflux 5 hrs; d) Ethanol, Reflux, 72hrs – 84hrs.

Biological Evaluation Anti bacterial Activity:

The synthesized compounds are screened for the anti bacterial activity. Their activity showed on *Escherassia coli* (NCIM-2068), *Klebsella pneumonia*,

Staphylococcus aureus (NCIM-2076), Bacillus subtilis (NCIM-2921), and their zone of inhibition on different strains at $300\mu g/ml$ is measured by using cup-plate method in Nutrient agar media.





code	R =	yield in (%)	Chem. form.	M.P. (°C)	Mol.wt
Illa	CH ₂	54	C ₁₁ H ₁₂ N ₄ O ₃ S	220-225	278.28
IIIb	NH	40	$C_{12}H_{14}N_4O_3S$	235-241	292.31
IIIc	ČH₃ HN —cooh	47	$C_{18}H_{18}N_4O_3S$	240-245	368.4
IIId	NH NH OH NH2	41	$C_{15}H_{19}N_7O_3S$	225-229	377.42
IIIe		34	$C_{16}H_{14}N_4O_3S$	215-224	340.36
IIIf	HOOC	48	$C_{13}H_{16}N_4O_2S$	185-190	290.34
IIIg	_N0	40	$C_{14}H_{18}N_4OS$	220-225	288.35
IIIh	—NNH	41	$C_{13}H_{17}N_5OS$	230-235	289.35
IIIi	NH—	43	$C_{14}H_{13}N_5OS$	240-250	297.33



Spectral Data of compounds:

Compound - I

IR spectrum (KBr, cm⁻¹⁾ I: 3154.74 (H-N stretch), 3263.19 (N-H stretch), 1154.68 (C=S stretch),714.81(C-S stretch), 2978.48(C-H stretch).

Compound - II

IR spectrum (KBr, cm $^{-1}$) II: 3466.08 (NH- stretch), 1145.72 (C=S stretch), 788.89 (C-S stretch), 2804.50 (CH₃ stretch), 1658.78 (C=N stretch).

Compound-Illa

IR spectrum (KBr, cm $^{-1}$): 3433.29 (NH stretch), 3055.22 (aromatic C-H stretch), 2885.79 (C-H stretch inCH $_2$), 2678.39 (OH stretch in COOH), 1617.24 (C=N stretch), 1167.15 (C=S stretch).

1H-NMR spectrum (DMSO-d₆, δ ppm) 13.4(s, 1H, -NHCO lactam), 10.8(s, 1H, OH), 9.2 (s, 1H, NH-C=S), 6.8-7.4(m, 4H, Ar-H), 5.3(t, 1H, N<u>H</u>-CH₂), 2.4(d, 2H, CH₂)

(EI-MS): 279(M⁺+1)

Compound-IIIb

IR spectrum (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3098.11(aromatic C-H stretch), 3230.81(NH stretch), 2914.40 (aliphatic C-H stretch), 2654.41(OH stretch in COOH), 1706.70(C=O stretch), 1639.47 (C=N stretch imine), 1158.13 (C=S stretch).

1H-NMR spectrum (DMSO-d₆, δ ppm): 13.5(s, 1H, -NHCO lactam), 10.7(s, 1H, OH), 9.15 (s, 1H, NH-C=S), 6.9 -7.7(m, 4H, Ar-H), 4.2(d, 1H, N<u>H</u>-CH), 3.1(d, 3H, CH₃), 1.3(m,1H, CH).

(EI-MS): 292 (M⁺)

Compound-IIIc

IR spectrum (KBr, cm $^{-1}$): 3228.84 (NH stretch), 3099.61(aromatic C-H stretch), 2918.30(C-H stretch inCH $_2$), 2671.41(OH stretch in COOH), 1620.21(C=N stretch imine), 1153.43(C=S stretch).

1H-NMR spectrum (DMSO-d₆, δ ppm): 13.5(s, 1H, -NHCO lactam), 10.9(s, 1H, OH), 9.2 (s, 1H, NH-C=S), 6.9-7.5 (m, 9H, Ar-H), 5.9 (d, 1H, N<u>H</u>-CH), 3.9(m, 1H, CH), 2.2(d, 2H, CH₂)

(EI-MS): 369(M⁺+1)

Compound-IIId

IR spectrum (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1230.58(C=S stretch), 3313.71(N-H stretch), 1620.21(C=N strech),

3196.05(NH stretch in amides), 1701.22(-C=O stretch in amides), 2854.65(OH stretch in COOH), 3094.17(CH stretch in aromatic), 2924.09(CH stretch in aliphatic).

Compound-IIIe

IR spectrum (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3238.82(NH stretch), 3092.23(aromatic C-H stretch), 2854.39(OH stretch in COOH), 1620.21(C=N stretch imine), 1082.07(C=S stretch).

1H-NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , δ ppm): 13.9(s, 1H, NHCO lactam), 10.8(s, 1H, OH),9.2(s ,1H ,NH-C=S), 6.8-7.6 (m, 8H, Ar-H), 5.9(s, 1H, NH-Ar).

(EI-MS): 341(M⁺+1)

Compound-IIIf

IR spectrum (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1124.50(aliphatic C=S stretch), 1087.85(C-O stretch), 1618.28 (imine C=N stretch), 1222.87(C-O stretch), 3153.61(-CONH stretch), 1670.35(C=O stretch), 3053.15(CH aromatic stretch), 3431.36(-NH sstretch).

1H-NMR spectrum (DMSO, δ ppm): 10.5(s, 1H, -NHCO lactam), 8.0(s, 1H, NH-C=S), 6.8-7.4(m, 4H, Ar-H), 2.9(t, 4H, CH $_2$), 4.4(t, 4H, CH $_2$).

(EI-MS): 290(M⁺).

Compound-IIIg

IR spectrum (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1165.00(aliphatic C=S stretch), 3077.10(aromatic CH stretch), 1616.35(C=N stretch), 1103.28(C-N stretch), 3410.15(N-H stretch), 2933.73(C-H stretch aliphatic).

1H-NMR spectrum (DMSO-d₆, δ ppm): 13.3(s, 1H, NHCO), 6.7-7.5(m, 4H, ArH), 1.6(t, 4H, CH₂), 7.9 (s, 1H, NH-C=S), 1.3(m, 4H, CH₂), 2.31H (m, 2H, CH₂) (EI-MS): 289 (M⁺+1)

Compound-IIIh

IR spectrum (KBr, cm⁻¹): 1169.52(aliphatic C=S stretch), 3079.18(aromatic CH stretch), 1616.35(C=N stretch), 1112.42(C-N stretch), 3410.15(N-H stretch), 2933.73(C-H stretch aliphatic).

1H-NMR spectrum (DMSO-d₆, δ ppm): 11.5(s, 1H, NHCO), 6.8-7.4(m, 4H, ArH),8.0(s, 1H, NH-C=S), 1.3(m, 4H, CH₂), 2.31H (m, 4H, CH₂), 3.5 (m, 1H, NH) (EI-MS): 291(M $^{+}$ +2)



Zone of Inhibition of the antibacterial activity of compounds at 300µg/ml

Name of the	B.subtilis	B.magati	K.pneumonia	St.aureus	E.coli
amine from the	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm
compound					
synthesized					
glycine(IIIa)	N.A	4.5	N.A	N.A	5.0
alanine(IIIb)	6.0	5.0	7.0	5.0	N.A
Phenylalanine	8.0	9.0	6.0	6.0	5.0
(IIIc)					
arginine(IIId)	5.0	N.A	N.A	5.5	N.A
PABA(IIIe)	4.0	N.A	4.0	7.0	5.5
morpholine(IIIf)	N.A	N.A	6.0	4.0	N.A
piperadine(IIIg)	8.5	6.0	5.0	9.0	7.0
piperazine(IIIh)	7.0	5.0	N.A	7.0	N.A
aminopyridine (IIIi)	9.0	5.0	7.0	8.0	9.0
Ciprofloxacin	12.0	12.0	11.0	13.0	12.0
(100µg/ml)					

Anti fungal activity:

The synthesized compounds are screened for the anti fungal activity. Their activity showed on Candida albicans, A.niger,Alternaria, Drosellaria and

Culvernaria. Their zone of inhibition on different strains at $300\mu g/ml$ is measured by using cup-plate method in Sabouraud dextrose agar medium.

Zone of Inhibition of the antifungal activity of compounds at 300µg/ml

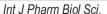
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Name of compound	C.albicans	A.niger	Alternaria	Drosellaria	Curvlarneria
	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm	in mm
glycine(IIIa)	N.A	N.A	4.5	N.A	6.0
alanine(IIIb)	5.0	4.0	4.5	N.A	7.0
Phenylalanine	4.5	5.0	8.0	4.5	6.0
(IIIc)					
Arginine(IIId)	N.A	4.0	N.A	N.A	6.0
PABA(IIIe)	4.5	4.0	6.0	N.A	5.0
Morpholine(IIIf)	N.A	3.5	5.0	N.A	4.5
Piperadine(IIIg)	5.5	6.0	6.0	4.0	5.5
Piperazine(IIIh)	N.A	N.A	3.5	5.0	4.5
2-Aminopyridine(IIIi)	N.A	4.0	4.0	5.0	N.A
Flucanazole	10.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	9.0
(300μg/ml)					

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

All the compounds are synthesized by above prescribed scheme and they are analyzed by I.R, 1H-NMR and EI-MS methods. All the synthesized compounds are screened for antibacterial activity. Compound IIIc shows good activity against the Bacillus species, Moderate activity against the E.coli, K.pneumonia and St.aureus; Compound IIIi shows

good activity against the E.coli, B.subtilis,St. aureus nad low activity against the B.magati. Compound IIIg shows good activity against the St.aureus, E.coli and B.subtilis and low activity against theB.magati and K.pneumonia.

All other compounds show low anti bacterial activity compared to the standard ciprofloxacin at 100 $\mu g/ml.$





All the synthesized compounds also screened for antifungal activity among them compound IIIc shows good activity against the alternaria and Culvernaria. Compound IIIg shows good activity against the A.niger,alternaria and Culvernaria.compound IIIe active against the Alternaria.

CONCLUSION

The isatin thiosemicarbazones were synthesized by using appropriate synthetic methods and they were evaluated for antimicrobial activities at 300µg/ml concentration, among the Compound IIIg is active against *St. aureus, B. subtilis, E. Coli,.* Compound IIIc is active against the *Alternaria, Culvarnaria*. III b. All the compounds show modest anti microbial activities. Further investigation should be needed to know other activities of the compounds.

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